



ASTM 1216

Technical Data

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EXHIBIT 1 - A
CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
8" DIAMETER, 1 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	<u>I. Host Pipe Dimensions</u>		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	8.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	7.60	inches
11			
12	<u>II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe</u>		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	12.59	psi
14	$R_w = \text{water buoyancy factor} = 1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w = \text{height of water above top of pipe}$	1.0	ft.
16	$H = \text{height of soil above top of pipe}$	1.0	ft.
17	$w = \text{soil density}$	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s = \text{live load*}$	11.6	psi
19			
20	<u>III. Calculated External Pressure (q_c) Capacity</u>		
21	$q_c = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	12.93	psi
22	$C = \text{ovality reduction factor}$	0.64	
23	$q = \text{percentage of ovality of original pipe} = 100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N = \text{factor of safety}$	2.0	
26	$B' = \text{coefficient of elastic support} = 1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.21	inch-pound units
27	$I = \text{moment of inertia of CIPP} = t^3/12$	0.000463	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	0.177	inch
29	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	4.5	mm
30	$E'_s = \text{modulus of soil reaction}$	1,000	psi
31	$E_L = \text{long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP}$	400,000	psi
32			
33	<u>IV. Summary & Conclusion</u>		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	12.59	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_c) Capacity	12.93	psi
36	Percentage Difference	2.6%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.177	inch
38	CIPP thickness	4.5	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.

Thomas T. Jones
 8/25/03

RT

Anna M. Smith
 12-11-99

EXHIBIT 1 - B
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 8" DIAMETER, 8 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	8.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	7.60	inches
11			
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	8.73	psi
14	$R_w =$ water buoyancy factor $= 1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w =$ height of water above top of pipe	8.0	ft.
16	$H =$ height of soil above top of pipe	8.0	ft.
17	$w =$ soil density	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s =$ live load*	0.8	psi
19			
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity		
21	$q_t = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	8.77	psi
22	$C =$ ovality reduction factor	0.64	
23	$q =$ percentage of ovality of original pipe $= 100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N =$ factor of safety	2.0	
26	$B' =$ coefficient of elastic support $= 1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.30	inch-pound units
27	$I =$ moment of inertia of CIPP $= t^3/12$	0.000151	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t =$ CIPP thickness	0.122	inch
29	$t =$ CIPP thickness	3.1	mm
30	$E'_s =$ modulus of soil reaction	1,000	psi
31	$E_L =$ long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP	400,000	psi
32			
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	8.73	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	8.77	psi
36	Percentage Difference	0.4%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.122	inch
38	CIPP thickness	3.1	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing, October 1987, p. 163.

Thomas D. Jones
 8/25/03

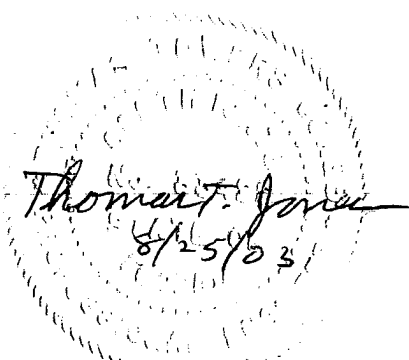
RH

David M. Smith
 12-11-99

EXHIBIT 1 - C
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 8" DIAMETER, 12 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	8.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	7.60	inches
11			
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	11.90	psi
14	$R_w = \text{water buoyancy factor} = 1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w = \text{height of water above top of pipe}$	12.0	ft.
16	$H = \text{height of soil above top of pipe}$	12.0	ft.
17	$w = \text{soil density}$	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s = \text{live load*}$	0.0	psi
19			
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity		
21	$q_t = C/N * [32 * R_w * B * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	11.98	psi
22	$C = \text{ovality reduction factor}$	0.64	
23	$q = \text{percentage of ovality of original pipe} = 100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N = \text{factor of safety}$	2.0	
26	$B' = \text{coefficient of elastic support} = 1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.35	inch-pound units
27	$I = \text{moment of inertia of CIPP} = t^3/12$	0.000237	in. ⁴ /in.
28	t CIPP thickness	0.142	inch
29	t CIPP thickness	3.6	mm
30	$E'_s = \text{modulus of soil reaction}$	1,000	psi
31	$E_L = \text{long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP}$	400,000	psi
32			
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	11.90	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	11.98	psi
36	Percentage Difference	0.7%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.142	inch
38	CIPP thickness	3.6	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.


 Thomas Jones
 8/25/03

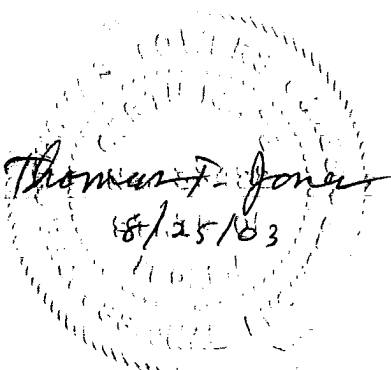
RH

Damon Redfish
 12-11-09

EXHIBIT 1 - D
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 8" DIAMETER, 16 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	8.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	7.60	inches
11			
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	15.86	psi
14	$R_w =$ water buoyancy factor = $1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w =$ height of water above top of pipe	16.0	ft.
16	$H =$ height of soil above top of pipe	16.0	ft.
17	$w =$ soil density	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s =$ live load*	0.0	psi
19			
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity		
21	$q_t = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	16.36	psi
22	$C =$ ovality reduction factor	0.64	
23	$q =$ percentage of ovality of original pipe = $100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N =$ factor of safety	2.0	
26	$B' =$ coefficient of elastic support = $1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.41	inch-pound units
27	$I =$ moment of inertia of CIPP = $t^3/12$	0.000377	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t =$ CIPP thickness	0.165	inch
29	$t =$ CIPP thickness	4.2	mm
30	$E'_s =$ modulus of soil reaction	1,000	psi
31	$E_L =$ long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP	400,000	psi
32			
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	15.86	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	16.36	psi
36	Percentage Difference	3.0%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.165	inch
38	CIPP thickness	4.2	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.


 Thomas F. Jones
 12/25/03

RH

Dana Moadjah
 12-11-99

EXHIBIT 1 - E
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 8" DIAMETER, 20 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	8.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	7.60	inches
11			
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	19.83	psi
14	$R_w =$ water buoyancy factor $= 1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w =$ height of water above top of pipe	20.0	ft.
16	$H =$ height of soil above top of pipe	20.0	ft.
17	$w =$ soil density	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s =$ live load*	0.0	psi
19			
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity		
21	$q_t = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	20.15	psi
22	$C =$ ovality reduction factor	0.64	
23	$q =$ percentage of ovality of original pipe $= 100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N =$ factor of safety	2.0	
26	$B' =$ coefficient of elastic support $= 1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.48	inch-pound units
27	$I =$ moment of inertia of CIPP $= t^3/12$	0.000495	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t =$ CIPP thickness	0.181	inch
29	$t =$ CIPP thickness	4.6	mm
30	$E'_s =$ modulus of soil reaction	1,000	psi
31	$E_L =$ long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP	400,000	psi
32			
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	19.83	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	20.15	psi
36	Percentage Difference	1.6%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.181	inch
38	CIPP thickness	4.6	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.

Thomas F. Jones
 8/25/93

RH

Dennis New York
 12-11-99

EXHIBIT 2 - A
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 10" DIAMETER, 1 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	<u>I. Host Pipe Dimensions</u>		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	10.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	9.50	inches
11			
12	<u>II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe</u>		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	12.19	psi
14	$R_w = \text{water buoyancy factor} = 1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w = \text{height of water above top of pipe}$	1.0	ft.
16	$H = \text{height of soil above top of pipe}$	1.0	ft.
17	$w = \text{soil density}$	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s = \text{live load*}$	11.2	psi
19			
20	<u>III. Calculated External Pressure (q_c) Capacity</u>		
21	$q_c = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	12.50	psi
22	$C = \text{ovality reduction factor}$	0.64	
23	$q = \text{percentage of ovality of original pipe} = 100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N = \text{factor of safety}$	2.0	
26	$B' = \text{coefficient of elastic support} = 1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.21	inch-pound units
27	$I = \text{moment of inertia of CIPP} = t^3/12$	0.000846	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	0.217	inch
29	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	5.5	mm
30	$E'_s = \text{modulus of soil reaction}$	1,000	psi
31	$E_L = \text{long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP}$	400,000	psi
32			
33	<u>IV. Summary & Conclusion</u>		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	12.19	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_c) Capacity	12.50	psi
36	Percentage Difference	2.5%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.217	inch
38	CIPP thickness	5.5	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.



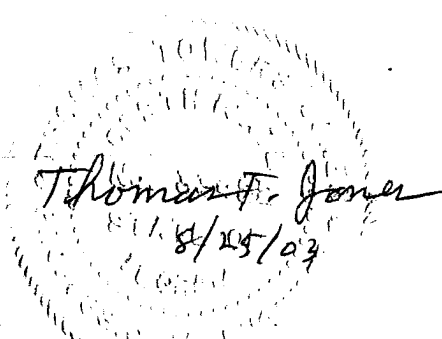
RH

Dorian Neufeldt
12-11-99

EXHIBIT 2 - B
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 10" DIAMETER, 8 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	<u>I. Host Pipe Dimensions</u>		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	10.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	9.50	inches
11			
12	<u>II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe</u>		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	8.73	psi
14	$R_w =$ water buoyancy factor = $1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w =$ height of water above top of pipe	8.0	ft.
16	$H =$ height of soil above top of pipe	8.0	ft.
17	$w =$ soil density	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s =$ live load*	0.8	psi
19			
20	<u>III. Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity</u>		
21	$q_t = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	8.85	psi
22	$C =$ ovality reduction factor	0.64	
23	$q =$ percentage of ovality of original pipe = $100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N =$ factor of safety	2.0	
26	$B' =$ coefficient of elastic support = $1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.30	inch-pound units
27	$I =$ moment of inertia of CIPP = $t^3/12$	0.000302	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t =$ CIPP thickness	0.154	inch
29	$t =$ CIPP thickness	3.9	mm
30	$E'_s =$ modulus of soil reaction	1,000	psi
31	$E_L =$ long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP	400,000	psi
32			
33	<u>IV. Summary & Conclusion</u>		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	8.73	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	8.85	psi
36	Percentage Difference	1.4%	
37	<u>CIPP thickness</u>	0.154	inch
38	CIPP thickness	3.9	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.


 Thomas F. Jones
 8/25/03

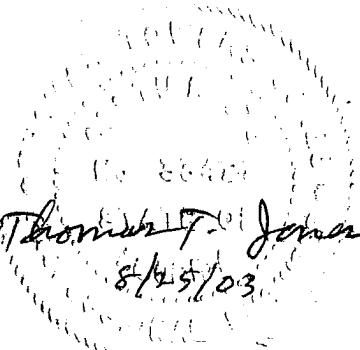
R.H.

Anna Moskalko
 12-11-09

EXHIBIT 2 - C
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 10" DIAMETER, 12 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	10.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	9.50	inches
11			
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wR_w/144 + W_s$	11.90	psi
14	$R_w =$ water buoyancy factor $= 1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w =$ height of water above top of pipe	12.0	ft.
16	$H =$ height of soil above top of pipe	12.0	ft.
17	$w =$ soil density	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s =$ live load*	0.0	psi
19			
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity		
21	$q_t = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	11.98	psi
22	$C =$ ovality reduction factor	0.64	
23	$q =$ percentage of ovality of original pipe $= 100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N =$ factor of safety	2.0	
26	$B' =$ coefficient of elastic support $= 1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.35	inch-pound units
27	$I =$ moment of inertia of CIPP $= t^3/12$	0.000463	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t =$ CIPP thickness	0.177	inch
29	$t =$ CIPP thickness	4.5	mm
30	$E'_s =$ modulus of soil reaction	1,000	psi
31	$E_L =$ long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP	400,000	psi
32			
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	11.90	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	11.98	psi
36	Percentage Difference	0.7%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.177	inch
38	CIPP thickness	4.5	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.


 Thomas T. Jones
 8/25/03

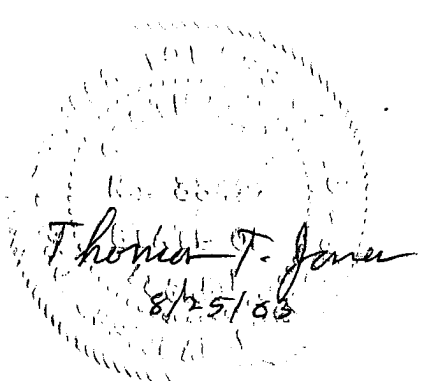
RH

Anna M. Smith
 12-11-99

EXHIBIT 2 - D
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 10" DIAMETER, 16 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	<u>I. Host Pipe Dimensions</u>		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	10.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	9.50	inches
11			
12	<u>II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe</u>		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	15.86	psi
14	$R_w = \text{water buoyancy factor} = 1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w = \text{height of water above top of pipe}$	16.0	ft.
16	$H = \text{height of soil above top of pipe}$	16.0	ft.
17	$w = \text{soil density}$	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s = \text{live load}^*$	0.0	psi
19			
20	<u>III. Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity</u>		
21	$q_t = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	16.12	psi
22	$C = \text{ovality reduction factor}$	0.64	
23	$q = \text{percentage of ovality of original pipe} = 100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N = \text{factor of safety}$	2.0	
26	$B' = \text{coefficient of elastic support} = 1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.41	inch-pound units
27	$I = \text{moment of inertia of CIPP} = t^3/12$	0.000715	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	0.205	inch
29	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	5.2	mm
30	$E'_s = \text{modulus of soil reaction}$	1,000	psi
31	$E_L = \text{long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP}$	400,000	psi
32			
33	<u>IV. Summary & Conclusion</u>		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	15.86	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	16.12	psi
36	Percentage Difference	1.6%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.205	inch
38	CIPP thickness	5.2	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.


 Thomas T. Jones
 8/25/00

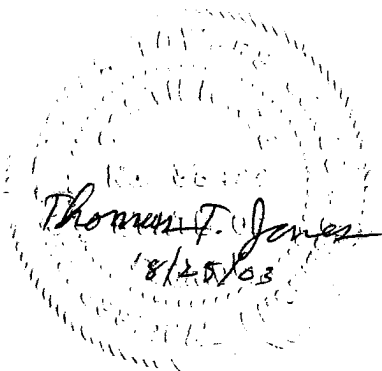
RH

Norman Montfort
 12-11-99

EXHIBIT 2 - E
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 10" DIAMETER, 20 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	10.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	9.50	inches
11			
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	19.83	psi
14	$R_w = \text{water buoyancy factor} = 1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w = \text{height of water above top of pipe}$	20.0	ft.
16	$H = \text{height of soil above top of pipe}$	20.0	ft.
17	$w = \text{soil density}$	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s = \text{live load}^*$	0.0	psi
19			
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity		
21	$q_t = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	19.89	psi
22	$C = \text{ovality reduction factor}$	0.64	
23	$q = \text{percentage of ovality of original pipe} = 100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N = \text{factor of safety}$	2.0	
26	$B' = \text{coefficient of elastic support} = 1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.48	inch-pound units
27	$I = \text{moment of inertia of CIPP} = t^3/12$	0.000942	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	0.224	inch
29	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	5.7	mm
30	$E'_s = \text{modulus of soil reaction}$	1,000	psi
31	$E_L = \text{long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP}$	400,000	psi
32			
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	19.83	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	19.89	psi
36	Percentage Difference	0.3%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.224	inch
38	CIPP thickness	5.7	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.


 Thomas T. Jones
 12/25/03

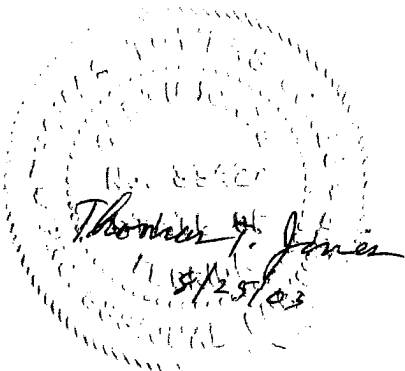
RH

Norman N. Smith
 12-11-99

EXHIBIT 3 - A
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 12" DIAMETER, 1 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	<u>I. Host Pipe Dimensions</u>		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	12.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	11.40	inches
11			
12	<u>II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe</u>		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	11.89	psi
14	$R_w = \text{water buoyancy factor} = 1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w = \text{height of water above top of pipe}$	1.0	ft.
16	$H = \text{height of soil above top of pipe}$	1.0	ft.
17	$w = \text{soil density}$	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s = \text{live load*}$	10.9	psi
19			
20	<u>III. Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity</u>		
21	$q_t = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	11.94	psi
22	$C = \text{ovality reduction factor}$	0.64	
23	$q = \text{percentage of ovality of original pipe} = 100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N = \text{factor of safety}$	2.0	
26	$B' = \text{coefficient of elastic support} = 1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.21	inch-pound units
27	$I = \text{moment of inertia of CIPP} = t^3/12$	0.001333	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	0.252	inch
29	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	6.4	mm
30	$E'_s = \text{modulus of soil reaction}$	1,000	psi
31	$E_L = \text{long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP}$	400,000	psi
32			
33	<u>IV. Summary & Conclusion</u>		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	11.89	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	11.94	psi
36	Percentage Difference	0.4%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.252	inch
38	CIPP thickness	6.4	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.



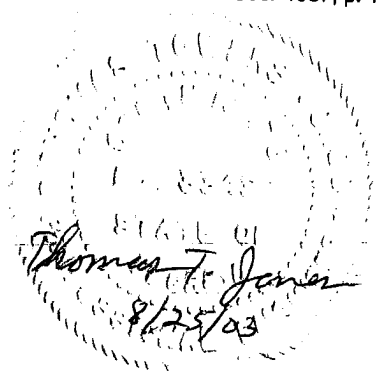
RH

Norman Modjish -
12.11.09

EXHIBIT 3 - B
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 12" DIAMETER, 8 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	<u>I. Host Pipe Dimensions</u>		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	12.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	11.40	inches
11			
12	<u>II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe</u>		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	8.73	psi
14	$R_w =$ water buoyancy factor = $1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w =$ height of water above top of pipe	8.0	ft.
16	$H =$ height of soil above top of pipe	8.0	ft.
17	$w =$ soil density	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s =$ live load*	0.8	psi
19			
20	<u>III. Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity</u>		
21	$q_t = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	8.91	psi
22	$C =$ ovality reduction factor	0.64	
23	$q =$ percentage of ovality of original pipe = $100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N =$ factor of safety	2.0	
26	$B' =$ coefficient of elastic support = $1/(1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.30	inch-pound units
27	$I =$ moment of inertia of CIPP = $t^3/12$	0.000528	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t =$ CIPP thickness	0.185	inch
29	$t =$ CIPP thickness	4.7	mm
30	$E'_s =$ modulus of soil reaction	1,000	psi
31	$E_L =$ long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP	400,000	psi
32			
33	<u>IV. Summary & Conclusion</u>		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	8.73	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	8.91	psi
36	Percentage Difference	2.0%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.185	inch
38	CIPP thickness	4.7	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.



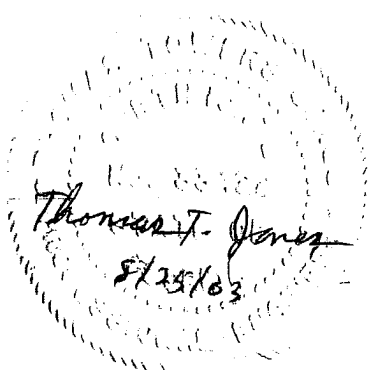
RH

Damen Modified
12-11-99

EXHIBIT 3 - C
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 12" DIAMETER, 12 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	12.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	11.40	inches
11			
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wR_w/144 + W_s$	11.90	psi
14	$R_w =$ water buoyancy factor $= 1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w =$ height of water above top of pipe	12.0	ft.
16	$H =$ height of soil above top of pipe	12.0	ft.
17	$w =$ soil density	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s =$ live load*	0.0	psi
19			
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity		
21	$q_t = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	11.98	psi
22	$C =$ ovality reduction factor	0.64	
23	$q =$ percentage of ovality of original pipe $= 100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N =$ factor of safety	2.0	
26	$B' =$ coefficient of elastic support $= 1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.35	inch-pound units
27	$I =$ moment of inertia of CIPP $= t^3/12$	0.000801	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t =$ CIPP thickness	0.213	inch
29	$t =$ CIPP thickness	5.4	mm
30	$E'_s =$ modulus of soil reaction	1,000	psi
31	$E_L =$ long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP	400,000	psi
32			
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	11.90	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	11.98	psi
36	Percentage Difference	0.7%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.213	inch
38	CIPP thickness	5.4	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.


 Thomas J. Jones
 8/25/03

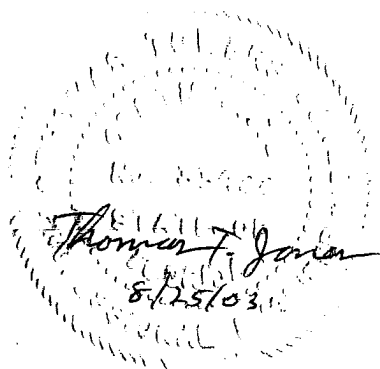
RH

Norman Medina
 12-11-99

EXHIBIT 3 - D
CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
12" DIAMETER, 16 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	12.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	11.40	inches
11			
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	15.86	psi
14	$R_w =$ water buoyancy factor = $1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w =$ height of water above top of pipe	16.0	ft.
16	$H =$ height of soil above top of pipe	16.0	ft.
17	$w =$ soil density	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s =$ live load*	0.0	psi
19			
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity		
21	$q_t = C/N \{ 32 \cdot R_w \cdot B' \cdot E'_s \cdot (E_L / D^3) \}^{1/2}$	15.97	psi
22	$C =$ ovality reduction factor	0.64	
23	$q =$ percentage of ovality of original pipe = $100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N =$ factor of safety	2.0	
26	$B' =$ coefficient of elastic support = $1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.41	inch-pound units
27	$I =$ moment of inertia of CIPP = $t^3/12$	0.001212	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t =$ CIPP thickness	0.244	inch
29	$t =$ CIPP thickness	6.2	mm
30	$E'_s =$ modulus of soil reaction	1,000	psi
31	$E_L =$ long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP	400,000	psi
32			
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	15.86	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	15.97	psi
36	Percentage Difference	0.7%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.244	inch
38	CIPP thickness	6.2	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.



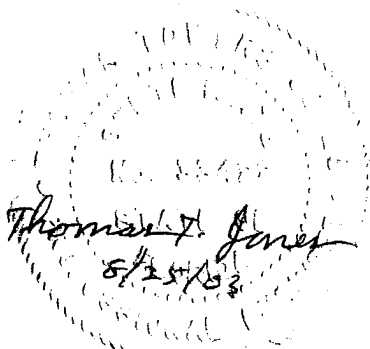
RH

Donna M. Smith
12-11-99

EXHIBIT 3 - E
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 12" DIAMETER, 20 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	12.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	11.40	inches
11			
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	19.83	psi
14	$R_w =$ water buoyancy factor = $1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w =$ height of water above top of pipe	20.0	ft.
16	$H =$ height of soil above top of pipe	20.0	ft.
17	$w =$ soil density	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s =$ live load*	0.0	psi
19			
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity		
21	$q_t = C/N^2 [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	20.15	psi
22	$C =$ ovality reduction factor	0.64	
23	$q =$ percentage of ovality of original pipe = $100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24	$N =$ factor of safety	2.0	
25	$B' =$ coefficient of elastic support = $1/(1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.48	inch-pound units
26	$I =$ moment of inertia of CIPP = $t^3/12$	0.001671	in. ⁴ /in.
27	$t =$ CIPP thickness	0.272	inch
28	$t =$ CIPP thickness	6.9	mm
29	$E'_s =$ modulus of soil reaction	1,000	psi
30	$E_L =$ long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP	400,000	psi
31			
32			
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	19.83	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	20.15	psi
36	Percentage Difference	1.6%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.272	inch
38	CIPP thickness	6.9	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.


 Thomas J. Jones
 8/25/99

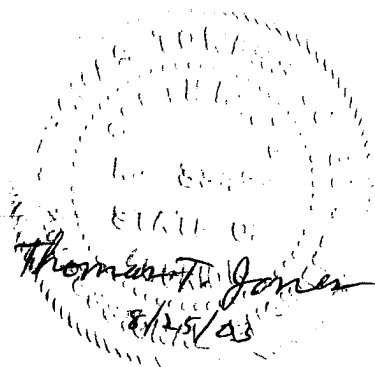
RH

Naranjo
 12-11-99

EXHIBIT 4 - A
CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
15" DIAMETER, 1 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	15.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	14.25	inches
11			
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	11.09	psi
14	$R_w =$ water buoyancy factor = $1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w =$ height of water above top of pipe	1.0	ft.
16	$H =$ height of soil above top of pipe	1.0	ft.
17	$w =$ soil density	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s =$ live load*	10.1	psi
19			
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_c) Capacity		
21	$q_c = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	11.28	psi
22	$C =$ ovality reduction factor	0.64	
23	$q =$ percentage of ovality of original pipe = $100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N =$ factor of safety	2.0	
26	$B' =$ coefficient of elastic support = $1/(1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.21	inch-pound units
27	$I =$ moment of inertia of CIPP = $t^3/12$	0.002322	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t =$ CIPP thickness	0.303	inch
29	$t =$ CIPP thickness	7.7	mm
30	$E'_s =$ modulus of soil reaction	1,000	psi
31	$E_L =$ long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP	400,000	psi
32			
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	11.09	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_c) Capacity	11.28	psi
36	Percentage Difference	1.6%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.303	inch
38	CIPP thickness	7.7	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.



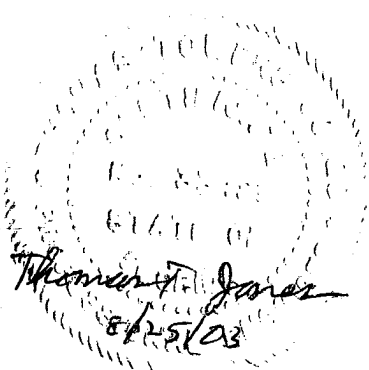
RH

Nelson Modjich
12-11-99

EXHIBIT 4 - B
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 15" DIAMETER, 8 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	15.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	14.25	inches
11			
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	8.73	psi
14	$R_w =$ water buoyancy factor $= 1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w =$ height of water above top of pipe	8.0	ft.
16	$H =$ height of soil above top of pipe	8.0	ft.
17	$w =$ soil density	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s =$ live load*	0.8	psi
19			
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity		
21	$q_t = C/N * [32 * R_w * B * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	8.74	psi
22	$C =$ ovality reduction factor	0.64	
23	$q =$ percentage of ovality of original pipe $= 100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N =$ factor of safety	2.0	
26	$B' =$ coefficient of elastic support $= 1/(1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.30	inch-pound units
27	$I =$ moment of inertia of CIPP $= t^3/12$	0.000992	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t =$ CIPP thickness	0.228	inch
29	$t =$ CIPP thickness	5.8	mm
30	$E'_s =$ modulus of soil reaction	1,000	psi
31	$E_L =$ long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP	400,000	psi
32			
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	8.73	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	8.74	psi
36	Percentage Difference	0.1%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.228	inch
38	CIPP thickness	5.8	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.



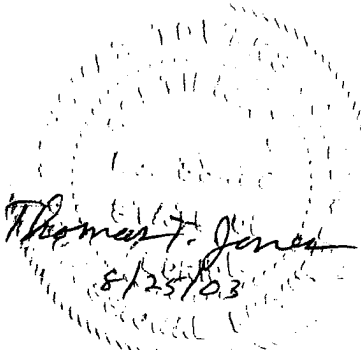
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Thomas J. Jones
12-11-99

EXHIBIT 4 - C
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 15" DIAMETER, 12 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	<u>I. Host Pipe Dimensions</u>		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	15.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	14.25	inches
11			
12	<u>II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe</u>		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	11.90	psi
14	$R_w =$ water buoyancy factor = $1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w =$ height of water above top of pipe	12.0	ft.
16	$H =$ height of soil above top of pipe	12.0	ft.
17	$w =$ soil density	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s =$ live load*	0.0	psi
19			
20	<u>III. Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity</u>		
21	$q_t = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	12.11	psi
22	$C =$ ovality reduction factor	0.64	
23	$q =$ percentage of ovality of original pipe = $100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N =$ factor of safety	2.0	
26	$B' =$ coefficient of elastic support = $1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.35	inch-pound units
27	$I =$ moment of inertia of CIPP = $t^3/12$	0.001599	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t =$ CIPP thickness	0.268	inch
29	$t =$ CIPP thickness	6.8	mm
30	$E'_s =$ modulus of soil reaction	1,000	psi
31	$E_L =$ long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP	400,000	psi
32			
33	<u>IV. Summary & Conclusion</u>		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	11.90	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	12.11	psi
36	Percentage Difference	1.8%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.268	inch
38	CIPP thickness	6.8	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.


 Thomas T. Jones
 8/25/03

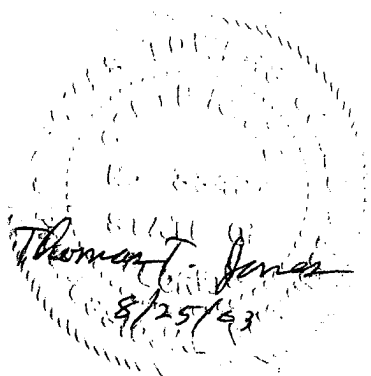
RH

Thomas T. Jones
 12-11-99

EXHIBIT 4 - D
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 15" DIAMETER, 16 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	15.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	14.25	inches
11			
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	15.86	psi
14	$R_w = \text{water buoyancy factor} = 1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w = \text{height of water above top of pipe}$	16.0	ft.
16	$H = \text{height of soil above top of pipe}$	16.0	ft.
17	$w = \text{soil density}$	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s = \text{live load*}$	0.0	psi
19			
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity		
21	$q_t = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	16.12	psi
22	$C = \text{ovality reduction factor}$	0.64	
23	$q = \text{percentage of ovality of original pipe} = 100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N = \text{factor of safety}$	2.0	
26	$B' = \text{coefficient of elastic support} = 1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.41	inch-pound units
27	$I = \text{moment of inertia of CIPP} = t^3/12$	0.002413	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	0.307	inch
29	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	7.8	mm
30	$E'_s = \text{modulus of soil reaction}$	1,000	psi
31	$E_L = \text{long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP}$	400,000	psi
32			
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	15.86	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	16.12	psi
36	Percentage Difference	1.6%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.307	inch
38	CIPP thickness	7.8	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.


 Thomas J. Jones
 8/25/93

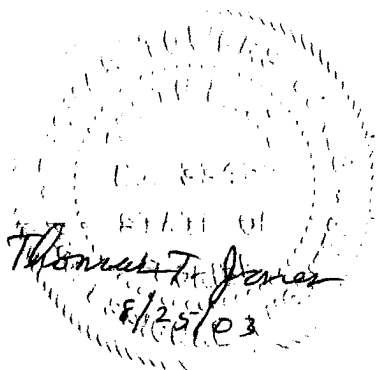

 R. H. [unclear]

Norman Woodruff
 12-11-99

EXHIBIT 4 - E
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 15" DIAMETER, 20 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	15.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	14.25	inches
11			
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	19.83	psi
14	$R_w =$ water buoyancy factor = $1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w =$ height of water above top of pipe	20.0	ft.
16	$H =$ height of soil above top of pipe	20.0	ft.
17	$w =$ soil density	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s =$ live load*	0.0	psi
19			
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity		
21	$q_t = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	20.06	psi
22	$C =$ ovality reduction factor	0.64	
23	$q =$ percentage of ovality of original pipe = $100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N =$ factor of safety	2.0	
26	$B' =$ coefficient of elastic support = $1/(1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.48	inch-pound units
27	$I =$ moment of inertia of CIPP = $t^3/12$	0.003235	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t =$ CIPP thickness	0.339	inch
29	$t =$ CIPP thickness	8.6	mm
30	$E'_s =$ modulus of soil reaction	1,000	psi
31	$E_L =$ long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP	400,000	psi
32			
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	19.83	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	20.06	psi
36	Percentage Difference	1.2%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.339	inch
38	CIPP thickness	8.6	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.



R.H.

Thomas T. Jones
 12-11-09

EXHIBIT 5 - A
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 18" DIAMETER, 1 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	18.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	17.10	inches
11			
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	10.39	psi
14	$R_w =$ water buoyancy factor = $1 - 0.33(H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w =$ height of water above top of pipe	1.0	ft.
16	$H =$ height of soil above top of pipe	1.0	ft.
17	$w =$ soil density	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s =$ live load*	9.4	psi
19			
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_c) Capacity		
21	$q_c = C/N * [32 * R_w * B * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	10.48	psi
22	$C =$ ovality reduction factor	0.64	
23	$q =$ percentage of ovality of original pipe = $100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N =$ factor of safety	2.0	
26	$B' =$ coefficient of elastic support = $1/(1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.21	inch-pound units
27	$I =$ moment of inertia of CIPP = $t^3/12$	0.003465	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t =$ CIPP thickness	0.346	inch
29	$t =$ CIPP thickness	8.8	mm
30	$E'_s =$ modulus of soil reaction	1,000	psi
31	$E_L =$ long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP	400,000	psi
32			
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	10.39	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_c) Capacity	10.48	psi
36	Percentage Difference	0.8%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.346	inch
38	CIPP thickness	8.8	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.

Thomas J. Jones
 8/15/03

RH

Norman Modjeski
 12-11-99

EXHIBIT 5 - B
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 18" DIAMETER, 8 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	<u>I. Host Pipe Dimensions</u>		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	18.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	17.10	inches
11			
12	<u>II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe</u>		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wR_w/144 + W_s$	8.73	psi
14	$R_w = \text{water buoyancy factor} = 1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w = \text{height of water above top of pipe}$	8.0	ft.
16	$H = \text{height of soil above top of pipe}$	8.0	ft.
17	$w = \text{soil density}$	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s = \text{live load}^*$	0.8	psi
19			
20	<u>III. Calculated External Pressure (q_c) Capacity</u>		
21	$q_c = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	8.81	psi
22	$C = \text{ovality reduction factor}$	0.64	
23	$q = \text{percentage of ovality of original pipe} = 100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N = \text{factor of safety}$	2.0	
26	$B' = \text{coefficient of elastic support} = 1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.30	inch-pound units
27	$I = \text{moment of inertia of CIPP} = t^3/12$	0.001744	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	0.276	inch
29	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	7.0	mm
30	$E'_s = \text{modulus of soil reaction}$	1,000	psi
31	$E_L = \text{long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP}$	400,000	psi
32			
33	<u>IV. Summary & Conclusion</u>		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	8.73	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_c) Capacity	8.81	psi
36	Percentage Difference	1.0%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.276	inch
38	CIPP thickness	7.0	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.

Thomas J. Jones
 8/25/03

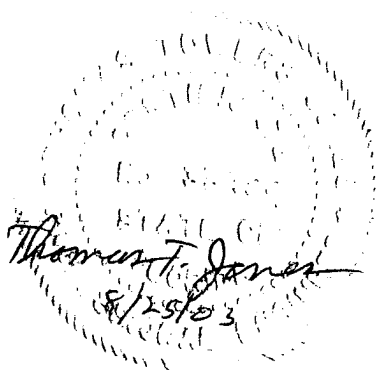
RH

Norman Hodgkirk
 12-11-99

EXHIBIT 5 - C
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 18" DIAMETER, 12 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	18.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	17.10	inches
11			
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	11.90	psi
14	$R_w = \text{water buoyancy factor} = 1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w = \text{height of water above top of pipe}$	12.0	ft.
16	$H = \text{height of soil above top of pipe}$	12.0	ft.
17	$w = \text{soil density}$	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s = \text{live load*}$	0.0	psi
19			
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity		
21	$q_t = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	11.98	psi
22	$C = \text{ovality reduction factor}$	0.64	
23	$q = \text{percentage of ovality of original pipe} = 100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N = \text{factor of safety}$	2.0	
26	$B' = \text{coefficient of elastic support} = 1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.35	inch-pound units
27	$I = \text{moment of inertia of CIPP} = t^3/12$	0.002703	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	0.319	inch
29	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	8.1	mm
30	$E'_s = \text{modulus of soil reaction}$	1,000	psi
31	$E_L = \text{long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP}$	400,000	psi
32			
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	11.90	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	11.98	psi
36	Percentage Difference	0.7%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.319	inch
38	CIPP thickness	8.1	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.



Donovan Modjeski
 12-11-99

EXHIBIT 5 - D
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 18" DIAMETER, 16 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.	Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions	
9	Mean Inside Diameter	18.0 inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	17.10 inches
11		
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	15.86 psi
14	$R_w = \text{water buoyancy factor} = 1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67
15	$H_w = \text{height of water above top of pipe}$	16.0 ft.
16	$H = \text{height of soil above top of pipe}$	16.0 ft.
17	$w = \text{soil density}$	120.0 lb/ft ³
18	$W_s = \text{live load}^*$	0.0 psi
19		
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	
21	$q_t = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	15.97 psi
22	$C = \text{ovality reduction factor}$	0.64
23	$q = \text{percentage of ovality of original pipe} = 100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0 %
24		
25	$N = \text{factor of safety}$	2.0
26	$B' = \text{coefficient of elastic support} = 1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.41 inch-pound units
27	$I = \text{moment of inertia of CIPP} = t^3/12$	0.004090 in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	0.366 inch
29	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	9.3 mm
30	$E'_s = \text{modulus of soil reaction}$	1,000 psi
31	$E_L = \text{long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP}$	400,000 psi
32		
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion	
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	15.86 psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	15.97 psi
36	Percentage Difference	0.7%
37	CIPP thickness	0.366 inch
38	CIPP thickness	9.3 mm
39		
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables	

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.

Thomas F. Jaxon
 8/25/83

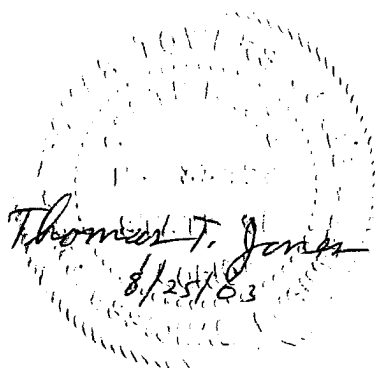
RH

*Nonan modified -
 12-11-89*

EXHIBIT 5 - E
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 18" DIAMETER, 20 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	18.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	17.10	inches
11			
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	19.83	psi
14	$R_w =$ water buoyancy factor = $1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w =$ height of water above top of pipe	20.0	ft.
16	$H =$ height of soil above top of pipe	20.0	ft.
17	$w =$ soil density	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s =$ live load*	0.0	psi
19			
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_c) Capacity		
21	$q_c = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	20.00	psi
22	$C =$ ovality reduction factor	0.64	
23	$q =$ percentage of ovality of original pipe = $100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N =$ factor of safety	2.0	
26	$B' =$ coefficient of elastic support = $1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.48	inch-pound units
27	$I =$ moment of inertia of CIPP = $t^3/12$	0.005557	in. ⁴ /in.
28	t CIPP thickness	0.406	inch
29	t CIPP thickness	10.3	mm
30	$E'_s =$ modulus of soil reaction	1,000	psi
31	$E_L =$ long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP	400,000	psi
32			
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	19.83	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_c) Capacity	20.00	psi
36	Percentage Difference	0.9%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.406	inch
38	CIPP thickness	10.3	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.


 Thomas T. Jones
 8/25/03

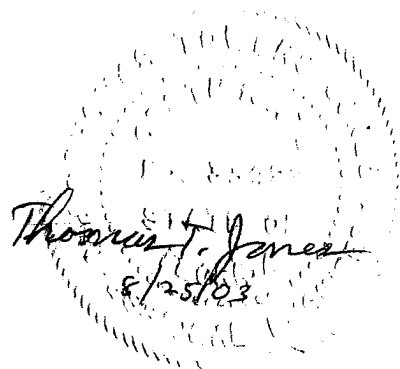
RH

Nasser Mofjeh
 12-11-99

EXHIBIT 6 - A
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 21" DIAMETER, 1 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.	Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions	
9	Mean Inside Diameter	21.0 inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	19.95 inches
11		
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	9.89 psi
14	$R_w =$ water buoyancy factor = $1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67
15	$H_w =$ height of water above top of pipe	1.0 ft.
16	$H =$ height of soil above top of pipe	1.0 ft.
17	$w =$ soil density	120.0 lb/ft ³
18	$W_s =$ live load*	8.9 psi
19		
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	
21	$q_t = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	9.92 psi
22	$C =$ ovality reduction factor	0.64
23	$q =$ percentage of ovality of original pipe = $100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0 %
24		
25	$N =$ factor of safety	2.0
26	$B' =$ coefficient of elastic support = $1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.21 inch-pound units
27	$I =$ moment of inertia of CIPP = $t^3/12$	0.004934 in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t =$ CIPP thickness	0.390 inch
29	$t =$ CIPP thickness	9.9 mm
30	$E'_s =$ modulus of soil reaction	1,000 psi
31	$E_L =$ long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP	400,000 psi
32		
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion	
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	9.89 psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	9.92 psi
36	Percentage Difference	0.3%
37	CIPP thickness	0.390 inch
38	CIPP thickness	9.9 mm
39		
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables	

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.


 Thomas J. Jones
 8/25/03

RH

Navar M. J. Smith
 12.11.99

EXHIBIT 6 - B
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 21" DIAMETER, 8 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	21.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	19.95	inches
11			
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wR_w/144 + W_s$	8.73	psi
14	$R_w = \text{water buoyancy factor} = 1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w = \text{height of water above top of pipe}$	8.0	ft.
16	$H = \text{height of soil above top of pipe}$	8.0	ft.
17	$w = \text{soil density}$	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s = \text{live load*}$	0.8	psi
19			
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity		
21	$q_t = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	8.87	psi
22	$C = \text{ovality reduction factor}$	0.64	
23	$q = \text{percentage of ovality of original pipe} = 100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N = \text{factor of safety}$	2.0	
26	$B' = \text{coefficient of elastic support} = 1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.30	inch-pound units
27	$I = \text{moment of inertia of CIPP} = t^3/12$	0.002804	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	0.323	inch
29	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	8.2	mm
30	$E'_s = \text{modulus of soil reaction}$	1,000	psi
31	$E_L = \text{long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP}$	400,000	psi
32			
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	8.73	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	8.87	psi
36	Percentage Difference	1.6%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.323	inch
38	CIPP thickness	8.2	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.

Thomas T. Jones
 8/25/03

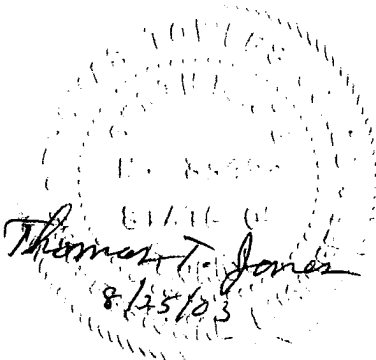
R.H.

*Nonconformant
 12-11-99*

EXHIBIT 6 - C
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 21" DIAMETER, 12 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	21.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	19.95	inches
11			
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	11.90	psi
14	$R_w =$ water buoyancy factor = $1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w =$ height of water above top of pipe	12.0	ft.
16	$H =$ height of soil above top of pipe	12.0	ft.
17	$w =$ soil density	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s =$ live load*	0.0	psi
19			
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity		
21	$q_t = C/N * [32 * R_w * B * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	12.08	psi
22	$C =$ ovality reduction factor	0.64	
23	$q =$ percentage of ovality of original pipe = $100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N =$ factor of safety	2.0	
26	$B' =$ coefficient of elastic support = $1/(1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.35	inch-pound units
27	$I =$ moment of inertia of CIPP = $t^3/12$	0.004360	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t =$ CIPP thickness	0.374	inch
29	$t =$ CIPP thickness	9.5	mm
30	$E'_s =$ modulus of soil reaction	1,000	psi
31	$E_L =$ long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP	400,000	psi
32			
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	11.90	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	12.08	psi
36	Percentage Difference	1.5%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.374	inch
38	CIPP thickness	9.5	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.


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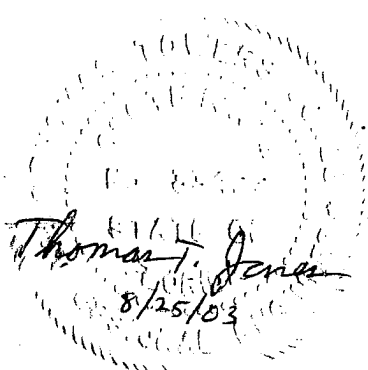
RH

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 12-11-99

EXHIBIT 6 - D
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 21" DIAMETER, 16 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	<u>I. Host Pipe Dimensions</u>		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	21.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	19.95	inches
11			
12	<u>II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe</u>		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	15.86	psi
14	$R_w =$ water buoyancy factor = $1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w =$ height of water above top of pipe	16.0	ft.
16	$H =$ height of soil above top of pipe	16.0	ft.
17	$w =$ soil density	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s =$ live load*	0.0	psi
19			
20	<u>III. Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity</u>		
21	$q_t = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	16.08	psi
22	$C =$ ovality reduction factor	0.64	
23	$q =$ percentage of ovality of original pipe = $100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N =$ factor of safety	2.0	
26	$B' =$ coefficient of elastic support = $1/(1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.41	inch-pound units
27	$I =$ moment of inertia of CIPP = $t^3/12$	0.006586	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t =$ CIPP thickness	0.429	inch
29	$t =$ CIPP thickness	10.9	mm
30	$E'_s =$ modulus of soil reaction	1,000	psi
31	$E_L =$ long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP	400,000	psi
32			
33	<u>IV. Summary & Conclusion</u>		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	15.86	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	16.08	psi
36	Percentage Difference	1.4%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.429	inch
38	CIPP thickness	10.9	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.


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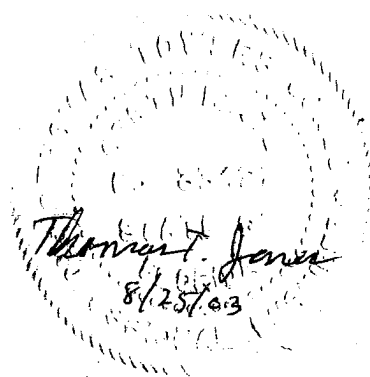
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EXHIBIT 6 - E
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 21" DIAMETER, 20 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	21.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	19.95	inches
11			
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	19.83	psi
14	$R_w = \text{water buoyancy factor} = 1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w = \text{height of water above top of pipe}$	20.0	ft.
16	$H = \text{height of soil above top of pipe}$	20.0	ft.
17	$w = \text{soil density}$	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s = \text{live load}^*$	0.0	psi
19			
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_c) Capacity		
21	$q_c = C/N * [32 * R_w * B * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	19.96	psi
22	$C = \text{ovality reduction factor}$	0.64	
23	$q = \text{percentage of ovality of original pipe} = 100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N = \text{factor of safety}$	2.0	
26	$B' = \text{coefficient of elastic support} = 1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.48	inch-pound units
27	$I = \text{moment of inertia of CIPP} = t^3/12$	0.008787	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	0.472	inch
29	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	12.0	mm
30	$E'_s = \text{modulus of soil reaction}$	1,000	psi
31	$E_L = \text{long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP}$	400,000	psi
32			
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	19.83	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_c) Capacity	19.96	psi
36	Percentage Difference	0.7%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.472	inch
38	CIPP thickness	12.0	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.



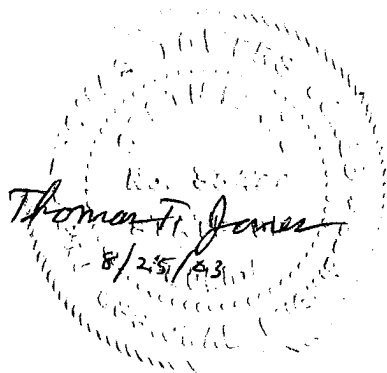
RH

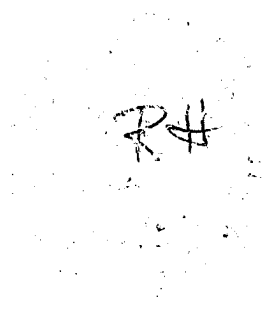
Norman Modjzadeh
12-11-99

EXHIBIT 7 - A
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 24" DIAMETER, 1 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	24.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	22.80	inches
11			
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	9.39	psi
14	$R_w = \text{water buoyancy factor} = 1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w = \text{height of water above top of pipe}$	1.0	ft.
16	$H = \text{height of soil above top of pipe}$	1.0	ft.
17	$w = \text{soil density}$	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s = \text{live load*}$	8.4	psi
19			
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_c) Capacity		
21	$q_c = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	9.51	psi
22	$C = \text{ovality reduction factor}$	0.64	
23	$q = \text{percentage of ovality of original pipe} = 100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N = \text{factor of safety}$	2.0	
26	$B' = \text{coefficient of elastic support} = 1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.21	inch-pound units
27	$I = \text{moment of inertia of CIPP} = t^3/12$	0.006769	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	0.433	inch
29	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	11.0	mm
30	$E'_s = \text{modulus of soil reaction}$	1,000	psi
31	$E_L = \text{long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP}$	400,000	psi
32			
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	9.39	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_c) Capacity	9.51	psi
36	Percentage Difference	1.3%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.433	inch
38	CIPP thickness	11.0	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.


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 8/25/03


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 12-11-99

EXHIBIT 7 - B
CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
24" DIAMETER, 8 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	24.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	22.80	inches
11			
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wR_w/144 + W_s$	8.73	psi
14	$R_w = \text{water buoyancy factor} = 1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w = \text{height of water above top of pipe}$	8.0	ft.
16	$H = \text{height of soil above top of pipe}$	8.0	ft.
17	$w = \text{soil density}$	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s = \text{live load*}$	0.8	psi
19			
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity		
21	$q_t = C/N * [32 * R_w * B * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	8.77	psi
22	$C = \text{ovality reduction factor}$	0.64	
23	$q = \text{percentage of ovality of original pipe} = 100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N = \text{factor of safety}$	2.0	
26	$B' = \text{coefficient of elastic support} = 1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.30	inch-pound units
27	$I = \text{moment of inertia of CIPP} = t^3/12$	0.004090	in. ⁴ /in.
28	t CIPP thickness	0.366	inch
29	t CIPP thickness	9.3	mm
30	$E'_s = \text{modulus of soil reaction}$	1,000	psi
31	$E_L = \text{long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP}$	400,000	psi
32			
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	8.73	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	8.77	psi
36	Percentage Difference	0.4%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.366	inch
38	CIPP thickness	9.3	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.

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EXHIBIT 7 - C
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 24" DIAMETER, 12 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	24.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	22.80	inches
11			
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	11.90	psi
14	$R_w = \text{water buoyancy factor} = 1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w = \text{height of water above top of pipe}$	12.0	ft.
16	$H = \text{height of soil above top of pipe}$	12.0	ft.
17	$w = \text{soil density}$	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s = \text{live load}^*$	0.0	psi
19			
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity		
21	$q_t = C/N^*[32^* R_w^* B^* E'_s*(E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	11.98	psi
22	$C = \text{ovality reduction factor}$	0.64	
23	$q = \text{percentage of ovality of original pipe} = 100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N = \text{factor of safety}$	2.0	
26	$B' = \text{coefficient of elastic support} = 1/(1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.35	inch-pound units
27	$I = \text{moment of inertia of CIPP} = t^3/12$	0.006406	in. ⁴ /in.
28	t CIPP thickness	0.425	inch
29	t CIPP thickness	10.8	mm
30	$E'_s = \text{modulus of soil reaction}$	1,000	psi
31	$E_L = \text{long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP}$	400,000	psi
32			
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	11.90	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_t) Capacity	11.98	psi
36	Percentage Difference	0.7%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.425	inch
38	CIPP thickness	10.8	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.


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Norman Modjeski
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EXHIBIT 7 - D
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 24" DIAMETER, 16 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	24.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	22.80	inches
11			
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	15.86	psi
14	$R_w = \text{water buoyancy factor} = 1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w = \text{height of water above top of pipe}$	16.0	ft.
16	$H = \text{height of soil above top of pipe}$	16.0	ft.
17	$w = \text{soil density}$	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s = \text{live load}^*$	0.0	psi
19			
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_c) Capacity		
21	$q_c = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	15.97	psi
22	$C = \text{ovality reduction factor}$	0.64	
23	$q = \text{percentage of ovality of original pipe} = 100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N = \text{factor of safety}$	2.0	
26	$B' = \text{coefficient of elastic support} = 1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.41	inch-pound units
27	$I = \text{moment of inertia of CIPP} = t^3/12$	0.009696	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	0.488	inch
29	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	12.4	mm
30	$E'_s = \text{modulus of soil reaction}$	1,000	psi
31	$E_L = \text{long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP}$	400,000	psi
32			
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	15.86	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_c) Capacity	15.97	psi
36	Percentage Difference	0.7%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.488	inch
38	CIPP thickness	12.4	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.


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Aaron M. Smith
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EXHIBIT 7 - E
 CIPP LINER THICKNESS CALCULATIONS
 FULLY DETERIORATED GRAVITY PIPE CONDITION
 24" DIAMETER, 20 FT. DEPTH, 5 % SHAPELOSS

Line No.		Inputs/ Calculations	Units
8	I. Host Pipe Dimensions		
9	Mean Inside Diameter	24.0	inches
10	Minimum Inside Diameter	22.80	inches
11			
12	II. Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe		
13	$q_t = 0.433H_w + wHR_w/144 + W_s$	19.83	psi
14	$R_w = \text{water buoyancy factor} = 1 - 0.33 (H_w/H)$	0.67	
15	$H_w = \text{height of water above top of pipe}$	20.0	ft.
16	$H = \text{height of soil above top of pipe}$	20.0	ft.
17	$w = \text{soil density}$	120.0	lb/ft ³
18	$W_s = \text{live load}^*$	0.0	psi
19			
20	III. Calculated External Pressure (q_c) Capacity		
21	$q_c = C/N * [32 * R_w * B' * E'_s * (E_L / D^3)]^{1/2}$	19.93	psi
22	$C = \text{ovality reduction factor}$	0.64	
23	$q = \text{percentage of ovality of original pipe} = 100 \times (\text{Mean Inside Diameter} - \text{Minimum Inside Diameter}) / \text{Mean Inside Diameter}$	5.0	%
24			
25	$N = \text{factor of safety}$	2.0	
26	$B' = \text{coefficient of elastic support} = 1 / (1 + 4e^{-0.065H})$ inch-pound units,	0.48	inch-pound units
27	$I = \text{moment of inertia of CIPP} = t^3/12$	0.013076	in. ⁴ /in.
28	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	0.539	inch
29	$t = \text{CIPP thickness}$	13.7	mm
30	$E'_s = \text{modulus of soil reaction}$	1,000	psi
31	$E_L = \text{long-term modulus of elasticity for CIPP}$	400,000	psi
32			
33	IV. Summary & Conclusion		
34	Estimated External Pressure (q_t) on Pipe	19.83	psi
35	Calculated External Pressure (q_c) Capacity	19.93	psi
36	Percentage Difference	0.5%	
37	CIPP thickness	0.539	inch
38	CIPP thickness	13.7	mm
39			
40	CIPP Properly Sized Given Input Variables		

Note: * Source: Concrete Pipe Design Manual, American Concrete Pipe Association, Seventh Printing October 1987, p. 163.

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CALCULATED LINER THICKNESSES (MM)

EXHIBIT 8
SUMMARY OF MINIMUM SECTIONAL LINER THICKNESS (MM)

Diameter (Inches)	Depth of Pipe in Feet				
	1 - 4 Ft.	>4 - 8 Ft.	>8 - 12 Ft.	>12 - 16 Ft.	>16 - 20 Ft.
8	4.5	3.1	3.6	4.2	4.6
10	5.5	3.9	4.5	5.2	5.7
12	6.4	4.7	5.4	6.2	6.9
15	7.7	5.8	6.8	7.8	8.6
18	8.8	7.0	8.1	9.3	10.3
21	9.9	8.2	9.5	10.9	12.0
24	11.0	9.3	10.8	12.4	13.7

Note: Based on Exhibits 1-A - 1-E, 2-A - 2-E, 3-A - 3-E, 4-A - 4-E, 5-A - 5-E, 6-A - 6-E, & 7-A - 7-E.

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